Area Agency on Aging District 7, Inc.

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Tips for Better Nutrition

Five to six **smaller mini-meals throughout the day** may be easier to manage and help keep energy levels high. Choose items that provide the nutrition the person in your care needs for good health and watch those that provide little to the diet except calories. Some healthful choices can include reduced-fat cheese sticks, nuts and nut butter, fresh or dried fruit, hardboiled eggs, low-fat yogurt or cottage cheese, bagged salads, and cut raw vegetables.

Keep meal preparation simple. Rely on quick-cooking grains, easy-to-heat veggies and a whole-grain roll for side dishes. Save energy by collecting all the ingredients and cooking utensils first and sit down at the counter or table to put it all together.

When you cook, **make more than is needed** for one meal. Store or freeze the rest in oven- or microwave-ready containers for quick reheating.

X Save menus from places that deliver *healthy* meals.

NEXT ISSUE...ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE IN SENIORS

The Ombudsman program can handle your concerns about areas such as elder abuse, client care, consumer rights, etc. For more information, call 1-800-582-7277.

For information about Ohio Medicaid programs or to report suspected Medicaid fraud, you may call the Ohio Medicaid Fraud Hotline at 1-800-324-8680.



Area Agency on Aging District 7, Inc.

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CAREGIVER ASSISTANCE NEWS

"CARING FOR YOU ... CARING FOR OTHERS"

Good Nutrition for Healthy Body & Mind

Special Needs and Considerations

Bringing good nutrition to the table takes planning, attention, and some imagination. A foundation for healthy eating can be found in the U.S. Department of Agriculture's *www.myPyramid.gov*. Making smart choices from each part of the pyramid is the best way to ensure one's body gets the balanced nutrition it needs.

Good nutrition is necessary for everyone, but sometimes things can get in the way of eating right. Ask the nurse, doctor, or pharmacist if any of the medications the person in your care is taking have possible side effects that can interfere with appetite or affect the absorption of important vitamins and minerals.

Changes in mobility. If eating habits remain the same while activity drops off, weight gain can result. Added weight can increase fatigue, further limit mobility, put a strain on the respiratory and circulatory systems (lungs, heart, blood, blood vessels), and increase the risk of other chronic illnesses. A registered dietitian can recommend an ideal weight and reasonable daily calorie intake

Inadequate physical activity and lack of weight-bearing exercise can result from changes in mobility that can contribute to the risk of developing **osteoporosis**—a condition where bones can become thin and fragile. While building strong bones starts early in childhood, keeping them healthy as we grow older requires attention and care.

Make the Most of Every Food Group:

→ Focus on fruits. Select fresh or frozen over juices.

- → Vary your vegetables. Choose from a rainbow of colors.
- Make half your grains whole. The grains listed on the ingredient list should be "whole" since they provide a great source of fiber and can help manage weight and control constipation.
- ★ Keep it lean. Choose lean meats, fish, and poultry and bake, broil, or grill whenever
- → possible. Vary protein choices by adding beans, peas, lentils, nuts, and seeds.
- → Calcium counts. Include 3 cups of low-fat or fat-free milk, yogurt, or equivalent of low-fat cheeses every day to maintain good bone health. Calcium-fortified foods and beverages can help fill the gap if you don't or can't consume milk.
- → Limit your fat, sugar, and salt. Look for foods low in saturated and trans fats. Sugar adds calories and no nutritional value. Choose and prepare foods with little salt or sodium.

Eating and emotions. Depression can affect appetite in different ways. Many people turn to certain foods for comfort when they are depressed. These may be old favorites from childhood—a

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scoop of mashed potatoes, macaroni and cheese, a bowl of rice pudding. The danger is in overdoing it. These foods are often high in fat, sugar, and calories that can

easily add up. On the other hand, some people lose their appetite when they are depressed. Eating with others can help you and the person in your care stay connected. Remember also that being physically active can help decrease the symptoms of depression.

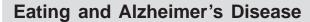
Bladder problems. Quite often, fear of having to go to the bathroom frequently or loss of bladder control causes a person to limit fluids. This can cause other problems such as **dehydration**, dry mouth, difficulty swallowing, loss of appetite, and constipation. If the doctor approves, find ways to fit extra fluids into the diet.

- * Take water breaks during the day.
- * Have a beverage with meals.
- * Travel with your own personal supply of bottled water.

Bowel

management often involves preventing

constipation. Fiber is found in cereal, grains, nuts, seeds, vegetables, and fruit. It is not completely digested (broken down) or absorbed (taken in) by the body. A diet rich in fiber (about 25 to 30 grams each day) along with adequate fluid intake and physical activity can help promote good bowel function. Fiber provides a sense of fullness, which helps reduce how much one eats.



The ability of a person with AD to make good food choices, to use utensils correctly, to chew and swallow his food, and to sit at the table changes over the course of the illness. As with other activities of daily living, people with AD need more and more help as time passes.

Allow plenty of time for each meal—a minimum of 30–45 minutes.

In the early stage you may not need to do anything special when preparing food, but may need to help choose a healthy diet. In middle stage AD, they may eat only food that is unhealthy or is unsuitable for any medical conditions they may have. Keep items that are good for the person to eat readily available. When offering food, don't clutter the plate. Cut food into bite-size pieces. If the person wants to eat with his fingers, try not to be critical and offer finger food. Be aware that people in this stage may add too much salt or pepper to their food by mistake or put sugar rather than salt on a hamburger. It may be best to keep these condiments out of reach.

Inspiration

Self-love is the only weight loss aid that really works in the long run.

~Jenny Craig

Resources:

Ohio WIC Program
WIC clinics are located in 88 Ohio counties.
Applicants can call the Help Me Grow at
1-800-755-GROW for specific clinic locations.
Or apply on-line at http://jfs.ohio.gov/OHP/consumers/Application.stm

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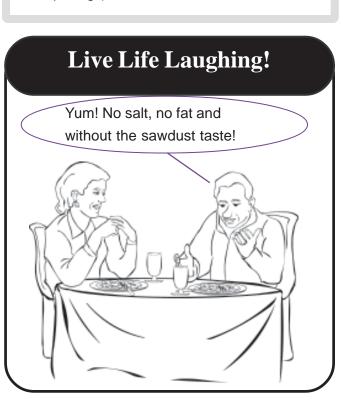
Exercise as Part of Life

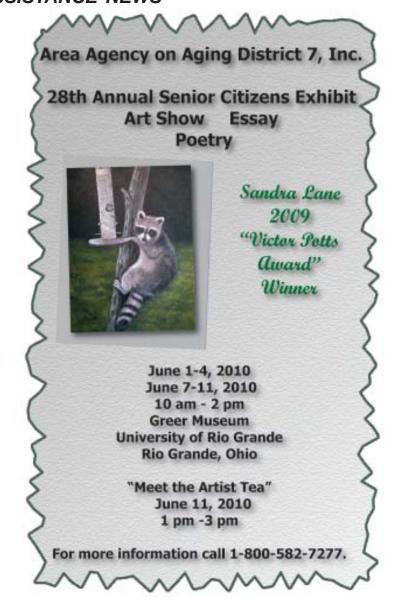
Physical activity and good nutrition are perfect partners in good health.

Together they help in managing weight and providing energy. Physical activity

not only burns calories, but it can also help you and the person in your care by:

- * Making the most of muscle strength, or even building strength.
- * Slowly increasing the ability to do more for longer periods of time.
- * Increasing range of motion and joint flexibility (the ability to move easily).
- Strengthening the heart.
- * Decreasing fatigue.
- * Decreasing symptoms of depression.
- Maintaining regular bowel and bladder functions.
- * Cutting down on the risk of skin breakdown and irritation.
- * Protecting weight-bearing bone mass (spine, hips, legs).





Resource for you

Home-Delivered Meals

The person in your care may be eligible for home-delivered meals.

To find out more information, contact the Area Agency on Aging District 7 Resource Center by calling 1-800-582-7277.

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